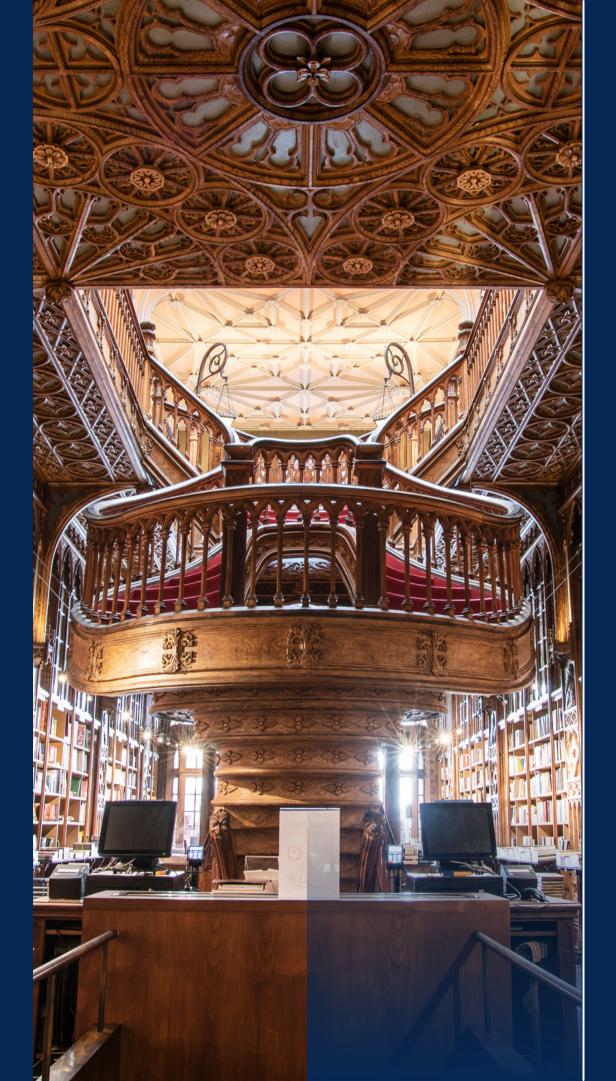
## Leading Effectively from the Middle: A Guide to Communication & Influence

Hannah M. Sunderman, Ph.D. Assistant Professor, Virginia Tech Jonathan Orsini, Ph.D. Director, Self-Supporting Programs, UF

# In this session, you will learn how to:

- Build strong relationships with your team members and superiors (mentoring & mentoring up)
  - Communicate effectively in a variety of settings
  - Resolve conflict
  - Delegate tasks effectively



#### **1** ABERDEEN, SD



# <image>

1

V

2

#### UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA-LINCOLN

- B.A. in PSYCHOLOGY
- Minors in EDUCATION & ENGLISH





#### **UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA-LINCOLN**

- B.A. in PSYCHOLOGY
- Minors in EDUCATION & ENGLISH



#### ABERDEEN, SD 1



**ALEC DEPARTMENT** • M.S. in LEADERSHIP EDUCATION ('18) • PH.D. in HUMAN SCIENCES ('20) • Program Director, NHRI Leadership Mentoring • Professor of Practice

 $2 \rightarrow 3$ 







## • ASSISTANT PROFESSOR

- LEADERSHIP
  - EDUCATION/DEVELOPMENT

• SCIENCE OF TEAM SCIENCE



## Jonathan Orsini, Ph.D.

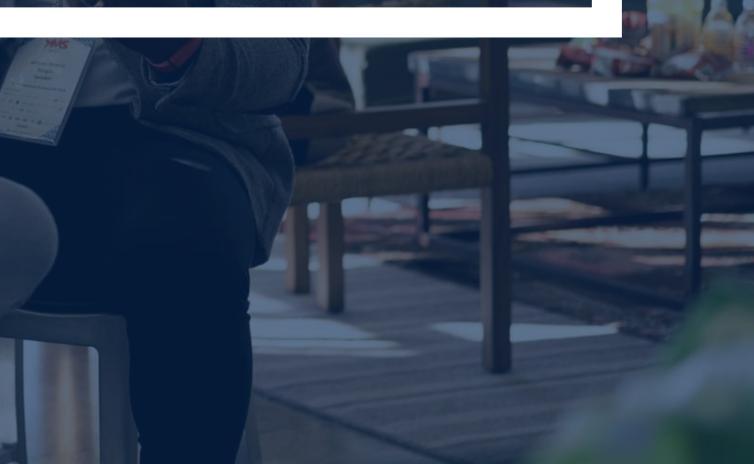
- Triple Gator BS, MBA, PhD
- academic administration
- mentorship
- Council (GSC)

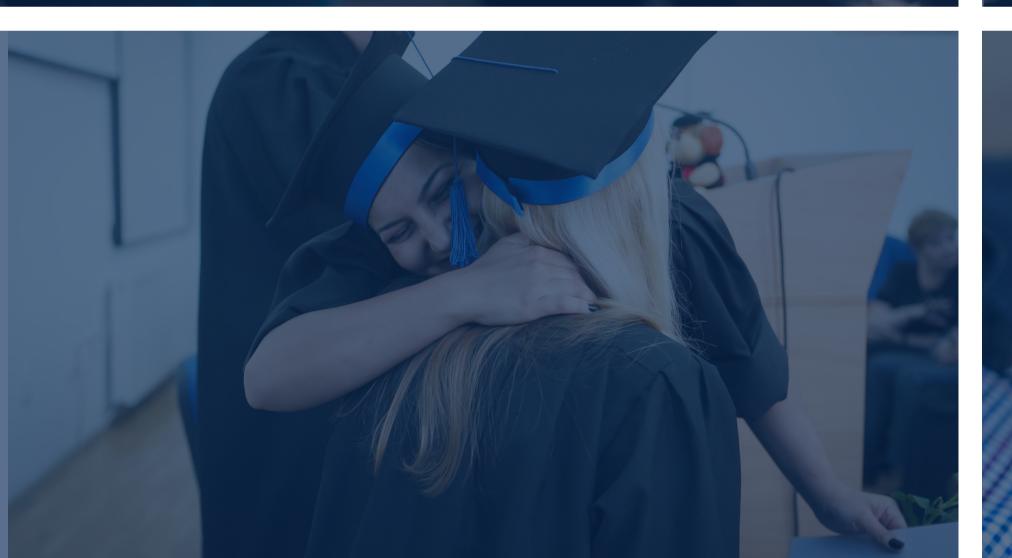
• 15 years of experience at UF in • Deeply interested in graduate student

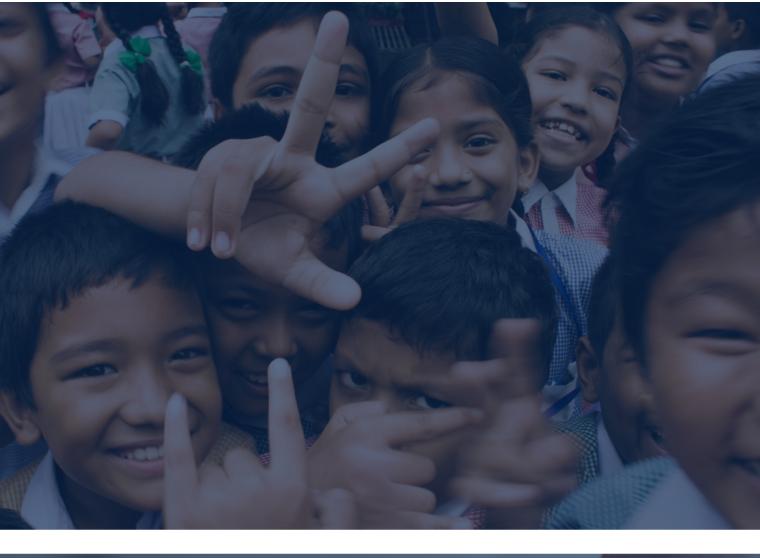
• Past president of Graduate Student

# DEFINING MENTORING











2

## FOCUSED ON MENTEE'S GROWTH



## **EVER-CHANGING RELATIONSHIP**

3



## FOCUSED ON MENTEE'S GROWTH

**EVER-CHANGING** RELATIONSHIP

3

Δ

2

### **FOCUSED ON MENTEE'S GROWTH**

#### **DIFFERENT FROM OTHER ROLES, SUCH AS COACHING OR ADIVISING**

## MENTORING IS...

### INVESTMENT FOR DEVELOPMENT

(EBY & ALLEN, 2008; BEARMAN, BLAKE-BEARD, HUNT, & CROSBY, 2007)





<b>Career Functions</b>	Psyc Fu
<ul> <li>Coaching</li> <li>Sponsorship</li> <li>Exposure-and-Visibility</li> <li>Protection</li> <li>Challenge</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Role M</li> <li>Accept Confirm</li> <li>Counse</li> <li>Friends</li> </ul>

#### chosocial inctions

Iodeling tance-andmation eling ship



# **BREAK OUT**

- Get into small groups of 2 or 3 • Spend 2-3 minutes discussing: • Your best mentoring
- - - experience of the past three
    - years (as mentor or mentee).
      - What happened and how
        - did it make you feel?

## MENTORS

# GRADUATE STUDENT

## MENTEES





## MENTORS

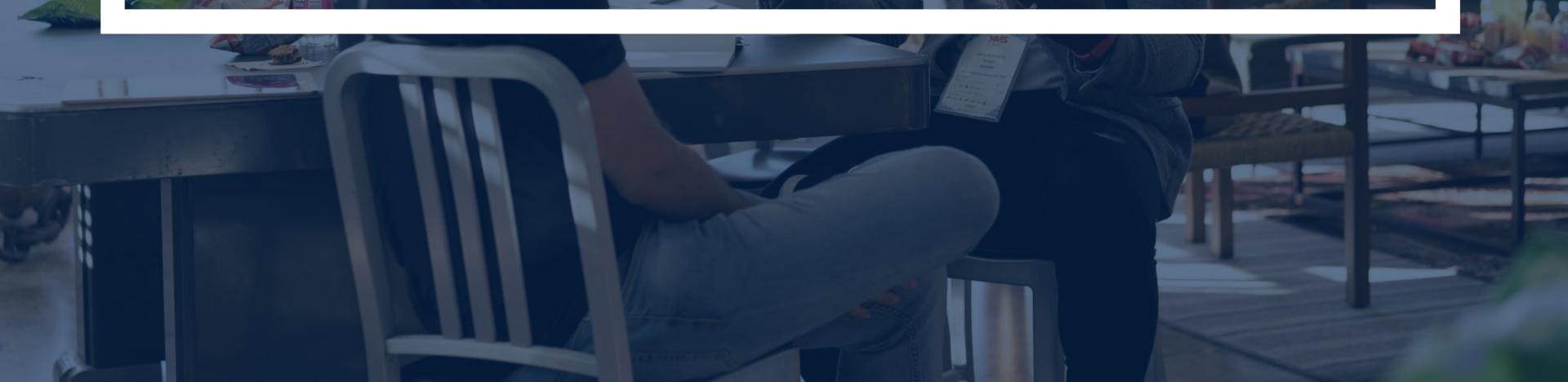
# GRADUATE STUDENT

Who are your mentees?











## **Effective Mentors...**

- Are intentional role models
- Are accessible
- Clarify expectations
- Deliver feedback
- Provide encouragement and support
- Teach and train
- Initiate sponsorship
- Provide insider info
- Provide scaffolded challenges
- Provide affirmation

- Provide professional exposure
- Provide protection
- Foster networks
- Provide professional socialization
- Self-disclose when appropriate
- Offer counsel
- Allow increasing mutuality and collegiality
- Are thoughtful about time and resources
- Share power

# Effective Mentors...

- Are intentional role models
- Are accessible
- Clarify expectations
- Deliver feedback
- Provide encouragement and support
- Teach and train
- Initiate sponsorship
- Provide insider info
- Provide scaffolded challenges
- Provide affirmation

- Provide professional exposure
- Provide protection
- Foster networks
- Provide professional socialization
- Self-disclose when appropriate
- Offer counsel
- Allow increasing mutuality and collegiality
- Are thoughtful about time and
  - resources
- Share power

#### What matters to you most on this list (as a mentor & mentee)?

(Johnson, W. B. (2016). On being a mentor: A guide for higher education faculty. (2nd eds.), New York, NY: Routledge)

## Effective Mentors...

- Are intentional role models
  Are a cessor end of the provide professional exposure
  Clarify expectations

- Deliver feedback
   Provide professional socialization
   Support
- Teach and train
- Inition of the state o
- Provide scaffolded challenges
- Provide affirmation

resources • Share power

What matters to you most on this list (as a mentor & mentee)?

(Johnson, W. B. (2016). On being a mentor: A guide for higher education faculty. (2nd eds.), New York, NY: Routledge)

Allow increasing mutuality and

# CREATE A NETWORK OF MENTORS to "innoculate" against the challenges of grad school/life (e.g., imposter phenomenon & burnout) Who is your network?



#### Advisor

#### Committee



#### Faculty at Other Institutions



Industry Members







Takes Initiative	Lacks I
<ul> <li>Follow through on advice</li> <li>Be proactive in making and keeping appointments</li> <li>Be a self-starter = be prepared with things to talk about/ask about</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Only contactin crisis</li> <li>Lack drive a and wants them what them what the start the</li></ul>

#### Initiative

cts mentor when

and motivation the mentor to tell to do tes discussions

2	Learning Orientation	Lacks L Orien
	<ul> <li>Curious and eager to learn</li> <li>Actively seeks feedback</li> <li>Open to constructive criticism</li> <li>Not afraid to say I don't know (humility)</li> <li>Adequately knowledgeable</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ignores opportunit</li> <li>Takes feedbook</li> <li>Takes feedbook</li> <li>Takes feedbook</li> <li>Won't admit</li> <li>Acts like a kommunit</li> <li>Wants quick</li> </ul>

#### Learning ntation

- ortunities for ning back personally or
- t weaknesses know-it-all k fix answers

3	<b>Goal Orientation</b>	Lacks Goal
	<ul> <li>Possesses good time management</li> <li>Has good organizational skills</li> <li>Effective prioritizing</li> <li>Sets own goals, has own vision</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Poor time ma</li> <li>Unorganized</li> <li>Struggles to effectively</li> <li>Looks to me &amp; is short-sig</li> </ul>

#### **I** Orientation

#### nanagement d o prioritize work

entor to set goals ighted

4	<b>Relational skills</b>	Lacks Rela
	<ul> <li>Trustworthy and ethical</li> <li>Builds relationships w/others (networks)</li> <li>Approachable and positive</li> <li>Active listener</li> <li>Keeps lines of communication open</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Untrustwort</li> <li>Relies on merelationships</li> <li>Talks too mutabolishing</li> <li>Relies on merelations of commutabolishing</li> </ul>

#### ational skills

thy entor to build )S uch/too little entor to maintain nmunication

5	Reflective	Unref
	<ul> <li>Learns from mistakes</li> <li>Can articulate reflection to the mentor</li> <li>Open and transparent</li> <li>Regularly engages in self- assessment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Refuses or un from mistake</li> <li>Cannot artice</li> <li>Withholds in doesn't share</li> <li>Does not self lacks self-kr</li> </ul>

#### flective

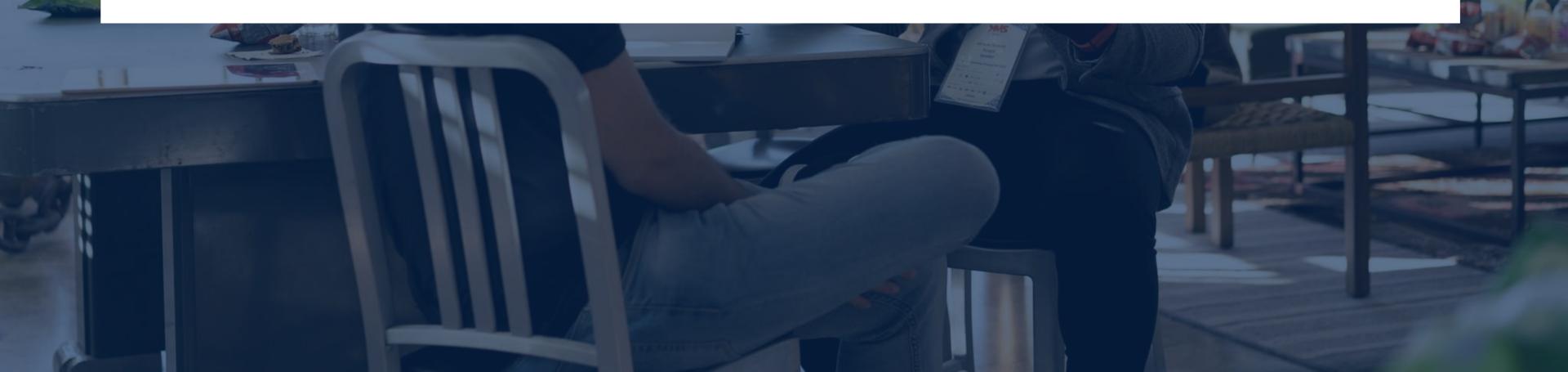
- unable to learn
- (es
- culate reflection
- nformation,
- re
- lf-assess and
- nowledge

- Take initiative
- Learning Orientation
- Goal Orientation
- Relational Skills
- Reflective

#### What matters to you most on this list? Where are you excelling? Where can you grow?

(Searby, L. J. (2020). The Mentoring Mindset. The Wiley International Handbook of Mentoring: Paradigms, Practices, Programs, and Possibilities, 187-203. Wiley)

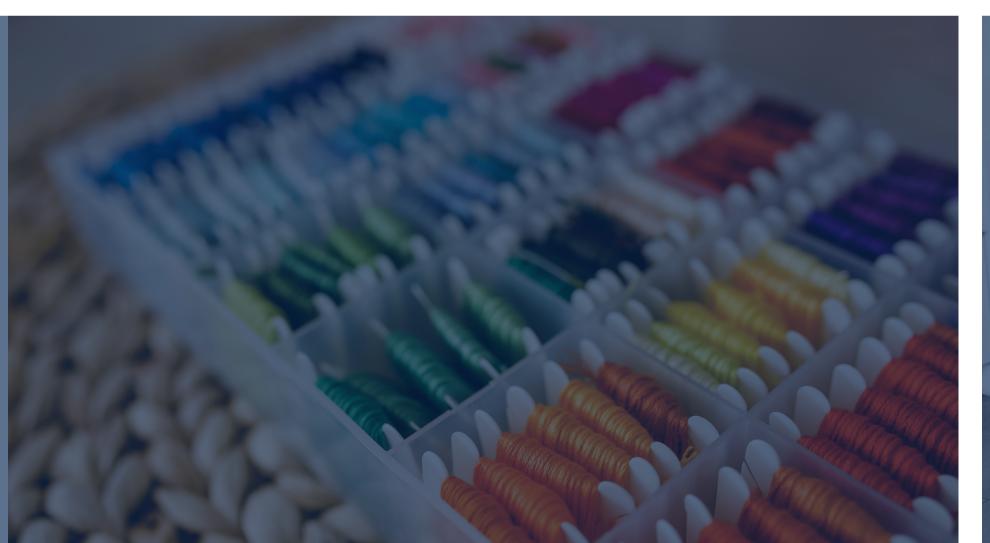






# APPROACH CONFLICT? WHY?

# EXPLORE Ask others for input What is the source of the conflict?





(Thomas & Kilmann, 1974; Ma et al., 2008)

## SOURCES OF CONFLICT



### ECONOMIC

Attaining scarce resources VALUE Beliefs, morals, values - "right" way of life



#### **POWER** Need for control

(KATZ, 1965)

# EXPLORE Ask others for input What is the source of the conflict?



#### PLAN

2

What is your approach to conflict?
What is your attitude towards the conflict?



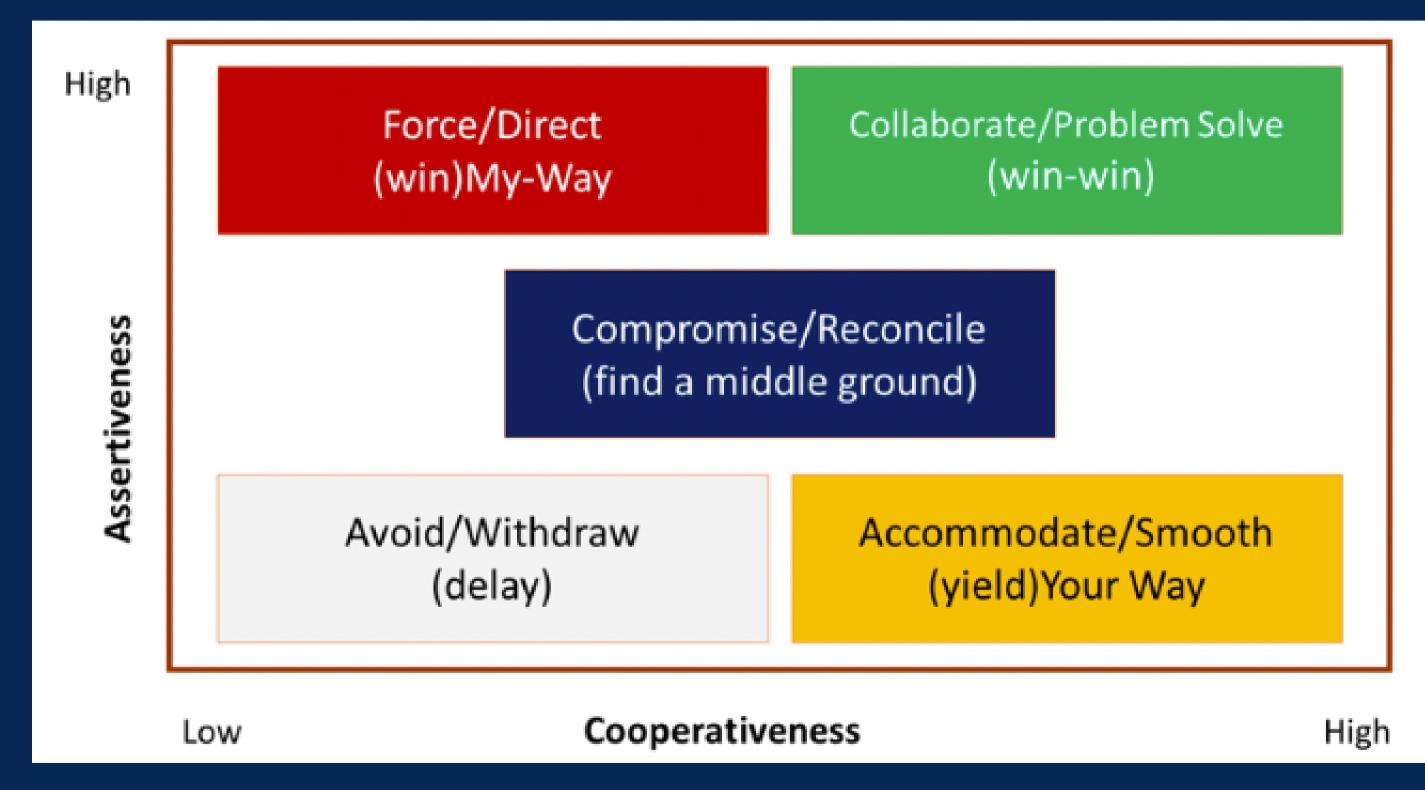
(Thomas & Kilmann, 1974; Ma et al., 2008)

#### What is your approach to conflict?



(Adapted from Thomas-Kilmann's (1974) conflict resolution strategies and Blake and colleagues' (1964) strategies.)

#### What is your approach to conflict?



(Adapted from Thomas-Kilmann's (1974) conflict resolution strategies and Blake and colleagues' (1964) strategies.)



## EXPLORE

 Ask others for input • What is the source of the conflict?

#### ORGANIZE

 How will you approach this conflict? • How will you keep the conversations moving forward?



#### PLAN

2

• What is your approach to conflict? • What is your attitude towards the conflict?

## EXPLORE

Ask others for input
What is the source of the conflict?

#### ORGANIZE

How will you approach the conflict?
How will you keep the conversations moving forward?



2

#### PLAN

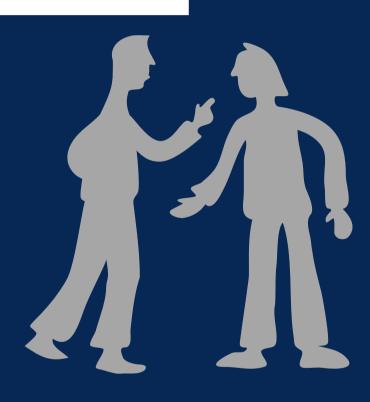
What is your approach to conflict?
What is your attitude towards the conflict?

#### MPLEMENT • Choose a conversation where everyone feels safe (free of distraction)

(Thomas & Kilmann, 1974; Ma et al., 2008)

## HOW DO WE ENGAGE IN **CONFLICT PRODUCTIVELY?**

- Identify & understand the problem
- Stay curious
- Getting it right > being right
- "You + me VS. the problem" not "you vs. me"



## KEY TAKEAWAYS

Recognize that conflict occurs in all relationships.
Be willing to initiate a converastions.



# What are 3 things you can do following this workshop to strengthen your relationships?

#### HOW TO GET IN TOUCH



#### Hannah M Sunderman hsunderman@vt.edu

